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## HUMAN CONCEPTS IN THE PERSPECTIVE OF ISLAMIC EDUCATIONAL PHILOSOPHY

#### ABSTRACK

This research aims to analyze human concepts from the perspective of Islamic educational philosophy. This type of research uses a qualitative approach with a literature study method. Data sources are quoted from credible pages such as Google Scholar and SINTA. Next, the data was analyzed and checked for validity through data triangulation. The results of this research conclude that human nature based on the Koran is called the terms basyar, insan/ins, and bani Adam. The integrity of humans biologically, psychologically and spiritually is seen as a creature that has all the potential so that it is able to become 'abd (servant of Allah) and caliph (leader on earth). Thus, understanding human nature is an essence that is the beginning of further understanding in understanding the implementation of Islamic education. Islamic education is a process of creating a conducive learning environment for students in order to realize the goals of Islamic education, namely developing students' potential, including their physical, biological potential and their soul potential (nafs, qalbu, asl).

Keywords: Philosophy of Islamic Education, Human Concepts.

#### ABSTRAK

Penelitian ini bertujuan ustuk menganalisis kensep manusia dalam perspektif fikafat pendidikan Islam. Adapun jenis penelitian isi menggunakan pendekatan kualitatif dangan metode studi kepustakaan. Sumber data dikutip dari laman kredibel seperti Google Cendekia dan SINTA. Selanjutnya data diantisis dan dicek keabsahannya melalui triangulasi data. Hasil penelitian ini menyimpulkan bakwa hakikat manusia berdasarkan al-Qur'an disebut dengan tersua bakyar, msanlins, dan bani Adam. Keutuhan manusia secara biologis, psikis dan spiritual dipandang sebagai makhluk yang memiliki segenap potensi sehingga mampu menjadi 'abd (hamba Allah) dan khalifah (pemimpin di bumi). Dengan demikian, pemahaman hakikat manusia merupakan suatu esensi yang menjadi awal dari pemahaman selanjutnya dalam memahami pelaksanakan pendidikan Islam. Pendidikan Islam adalah suatu proses menciptakan lingkungan pembelajaran yang kondusif bagi peserta didik dalam rangka merealisasikan tujuan pendidikan Islam, yaitu mengembangkan potensi peserta didik, meliputi potensi fisik biologis dan potensi jiwanya (nafs, qalbu, aql)

#### Kata Kunci: Filsafat Pendidikan Islam, Konsep Manusiaun-on @

#### A. INTRODUCTION

In the implementation of Islamic education, it must first pay attention to matters that are its main aspects. The main aspect that becomes the subject in relation to Islamic education is human beings. Because humans are creatures that are gifted with intelligence and responsibility to carry out Islamic education as a whole (Tanjung, 2020).

For this reason, it is necessary to understand the essence or fundamentals of

The link with education is that understanding human identity can help formulate the goals of Islamic education (Hasib, 2019). Thus, from then on the process of implementing Islamic education will run effectively if it understands human nature well in accordance with Islamic

human nature and life (Syahputra, 2020).

Humans as the main aspect of Islamic education are said to be necessary because humans are the main subjects,

philosophy.

objects and actors in the implementation of Islamic education (Amir, 2012). Understanding human nature in the Islamic context will facilitate the implementation of education which is realized in the form of students' concepts, regarding the duties of educators, the formulation of Islamic education goals and curriculum, the use of good methods at each stage of students both physically and spiritually and also the implementation of evaluations. All of these things are solely to constantly remind people through Islamic education that in the end Allah is the place where humans return (Adnan, 2019).

Based on this explanation in this article, the focus of the discussion is on the nature and concept of human beings in the philosophy of Islamic education, which will be further broken down into 1) Human nature in the language of the Koran: alinsan, ak-basyar, and children of adam as well as the two dimensions of humanity 2) The process of human creation and who created it 3) Purpose, function and task of human creation? and 5) Implications of human nature in Islamic education. These questions will be explained in more depth in the discussion section.

#### B. METHOD

This research uses a qualitative approach with a literature study method. The focus of the problem studied is the

concept of human beings from the perspective of Islamic educational philosophy. Research data sources were obtained from credible pages including Google Scholar and SINTA. The data in question includes scientific articles, books, proceedings and final assignments (thesis or dissertation). Next, the data was analyzed and the validity of the data was checked using research data triangulation techniques (Assingkily, 2021).

#### C. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

## Human Nature Based on the Terms of the Our'an

Discussion of humans according to the Islamic view as stated in the Koran and as stated by Shihab (2003), there are three terms used in the Koran to refer to humans; (1) using a word (term) consisting of the letters alif, nun, nas, and unas. (2) using the word basyar (3) using the words Bani Adam and zuiriyat Adam. The use of these terms is differentiated, indicating differences. This is unique because these contain nothing terms but special messages.

#### 1. Al-Insan

The term referring to the word human is taken from the root word *uns* which means tame, harmonious and visible (Salminawati, 2012). Thus, this shows that humans refer to the nature of something that can be seen which leads to the good.

So it can be concluded that *al-insan* is a word that refers to traits that are visible and lead to the positive.

In the Koran, the word al-Insan is repeated 65 times. Abuddin explains that the vocabulary of al-Insan is used in the Koran in eight aspects:

- a. Relating to the nature, character and condition of humans as creatures who are weak, helpless, dependent on other people, and have nothing. This is stated in the word of Allah SWT, in QS. Al-28. In Nisa[4]: al-Misbah's interpretation, regarding QS. An-Nisa [4]: 28, explains that humans feel heavy about the decrees of the commands and prohibitions of Allah SWT, which are addressed to humans, but know that these commands do not burden humans, and that feeling of heaviness is just a whisper of lust (Safroni, 2013). Thus it can be understood that the word "dha'if" indicates the nature of humans who were created with a weak nature, because they were persuaded by lust so that Allah gave orders that did not burden humans. As for other holy verses of the Koran which also explain human nature, they are also listed in QS Hud [11]: 9, QS. Yusuf [12]: 5, and QS. Abraham [14]: 24.
- b. With regard to the origins of human events, for example listed in the word of Allah SWT, in QS. Al-Hijr [15]: 26.

In the tafsir al-Misbah QS Al-Hijr [15]: 26, explains the origin of the events/life of the first human, namely Adam AS. The word shalshal is taken from the word shalshalah, which is a loud and dry sound. Then "hamin" is soil mixed with water and smells, while the word "masnuunin" means poured so that it is ready and easily formed into various desired shapes (Ramayulis & Nizar, 2009). Thus it can be understood that the origin of human events comes from soil and is mixed with water and then formed into a human form. Likewise in QS Al-Mu'minun [23]: 12 and QS.Al-'alaq [96]: 3 explains the origin of human events.

- c. Relating to humans who like moral values and noble morals that they must implement, which are stated in QS Al-Ankabut [29]: 8 and also found in QS Luqman [31]: 14.
- d. In relation to humans, they have the potential to be educated, namely physically, five senses, mind, conscience and spirituality. Listed in QS Al-A'raf [7]: 179 and also listed in OS. Al-Rahman [55]: 3.
- e. Shows humans as creatures who experience resurrection from the grave, and are brought back to life and asked to be held accountable for all the good deeds they have done. This is stated in QS Al-Qiyamah [75]: 3 and 36, QS Al-

Nazi'at [79]: 35 and QS Al-insyiqaq [84]: 6.

- f. Showing humans as the best creatures created by God. Allah SWT., said in QS At-Tiin [95]: 4.
- g. Shows humans as creatures who must make the best use of time to produce anything useful in the form of wrong deeds for their luck in this world and the hereafter. Allah Swt., in QS Al-Ashr [103]: 2.
- h. Shows humans as creatures who in order to get something must try to fight for it with great difficulty; toiling, exhausting his energy and thinking.

  Allah says in QS. Al-Balad [90]: 4.

From this explanation it can be concluded that al-Insân tells about (1) aspects of human nature and character points a, c, d and g, (2) the initial process of human creation, points b and f and (3) human tasks on earth points e and h. This concludes the meaning of al-Insân, the meaning of human being is human as a whole.

#### 2. Al-Basyar

In the Koran, terms that refer to humans are also found in the word *al-Basyar*. In the language of *al-basyar*, the meaning of *al-basyariyah* is *zhahir al-jald* which means visible skin (Al Rasyidin, 2015). It shows understanding of something that can be seen. This is in line

with the writings of Al Rasyidin & Nizar (2005) that the word *basyar* is taken from a good and beautiful appearance, from the same word the word *basyarah* was born which means skin.

Humans are said to be *al-basyar* because their skin can be seen clearly and is not covered by thick fur like animals (Al-Ahwani, 1997). This shows that human skin (body) is not filled with thick hair which makes it impossible to see clearly what the color or shape of human skin is, unlike animals, which are covered with fur so it is difficult to see clearly what the color or shape is like. the skin.

The word basyar as a type name that has a human meaning is mentioned in 35 places in the Qur'an, in which 25 places concern the human side of the apostles and prophets accompanied by text showing the parable word "like". Meanwhile Nata (2014) stated that the verses that describe humans as al-basyar provide information related to the human side, the characteristics and actions that generally carried out in humans. Namely eating, drinking, sleeping, making friends, joking, laughing, having a household, having children, forgetting, living and dying. This explains that al-basyar in the Koran tells of a prophet who is mentioned al-basyar which refers to characteristics of the deeds of the prophet that are the same as humans in everyone. Thus, we can conclude that humans as al-Basyar are creatures who can be seen clearly from their human side, such as their characteristics and behavior in everyday life. Al-Basyar is an explanation of humans that can be seen with the naked eye, both physically and through their physical activities during their lifetime.

#### 3. Bani Adam

The use of the word *bani* in Arabic is commonly used to indicate the meaning of descendants, generations or later generations (Dewi, 2015). According to Muhaimin (2010), children in the form of *masdar* are *al-bina*' which means 'building', while the word Adam refers to the prophet Adam a.s who was the first human being created by Allah SWT. So that it can be concluded that the language of the children of Adam refers to the descendants, generations or children and grandchildren of the prophet Adam a.s.

In the Koran the use of the word children of Adam is found in QS. Al-Isra' [17]: 70 and QS. Al-A'raf [7]: 27, 31 and 35. From these verses, Nata (2014) explains that the sons of Adam show humans as social creatures who can carry out activities together, such as carrying out social communication, utilizing resources. natural resources, use of social facilities and so forth. This shows that all humans on earth have the same dignity and worth,

without elements of ethnicity, class or religion. So that humans as descendants of Adam can be interpreted as humans who are seen from the origin of their descendants, namely the prophet Adam (AS), and because all humans on earth are descendants of Adam, there is no difference between their honor and dignity.

#### **Human Nature and Human Dimensions**

Humans have a dual nature or dual nature, they are soul and body, they are a physical self and a spirit at the same time (Al-Attas, 2010). This is also explained by Al Rasyidin & Ja'far (2015) that humans are created from elements that are material and immaterial. It denotes the human dimension which is called matter or something that can be seen and that which cannot be seen or non-material.

#### 1. Material (Body)

Arifin (2005) explained that the human material dimension is mortal or impermanent, it grows and develops from small to large, but at some point it will be destroyed, the human dimension is seen from its physical strength and movement power. This explains the impermanence of human physical strength, as well as the use of the senses; taste, sight. Meanwhile, his movement strength, such as being able to walk and the ability to move his limbs, all

of this grows and develops until he weakens.

#### 2. Non-Material (Soul)

The non-material dimension is also called the spiritual dimension, which has four terms, namely breath (soul), *qalb* (heart), spirit and aql (mind). Bustam (2021) says that when the spirit struggles with everything related to intellect and understanding, it is called 'intellect or 'aql; when governing the body it is called the 'soul' (*nafs*); when undergoing institutional enlightenment, it is called the 'heart' (*qalb*); and when it returns to its abstract world it is called supplication. The following are the dimensions of non-material human beings:

#### a. Nafs (Soul)

Al-nafs is a spiritual entity that has the energy or power to regulate or control oneself. This illustrates that the soul is the part within humans that is related to physical aspects and life. As humans have two souls (nafsan) similar to their dual nature, the higher soul is called the akali soul (al-nafs al-naqitah) and the lower soul is called the animal soul.

#### b. Qalb (Hearth)

Qalb means turning, returning, going back and forth, going up and down, changing. This naming is related to the nature of the heart itself which is the locus

of good and evil, truth and error, where it often changes, going back and forth in receiving goodness, and crime and wrongdoing (Ali, 2002). This shows that the heart resides in the soul.

#### c. Aql

Reason in the Islamic sense is not only the brain, but the thinking power contained in the human soul (Arief, 2002), so that reason is closely related to being able to distinguish between good and bad. Reason is divided into two, namely practical reason; who received meanings derived from the mareti of the memory sense existing in the animal soul and the theoretical mind; which captures pure meanings, meanings that never exist in matter.

#### d. Ruh

Saku (2019) explains that the spirit has the same foot as the word rih which means wind, the spirit that exists in human bodies is called that because it is as smooth as the wind, we spirit is the driving force in approaching God, thus the spirit is something that cannot be seen and is related to with the divine, both before man was created until he was put into motion by the body, and left the body

The nature of human beings from the point of view of Islamic educational philosophy is that humans are creatures created by Allah SWT, who are endowed with potentials that are able to manage themselves to understand the universe with knowledge. Humans can be interpreted in the perspective of Islamic educational philosophy by interpreting them in various terms such as humans as al-insan, albasyar and as children of adam. Each of these terms defines humans from the perspective of their nature, physical characteristics, abilities and non-material potential.

Understanding human nature is an essence that is the beginning of further understanding in understanding the implementation of Islamic education. Islamic education is a process of creating a conducive learning environment for students in order to realize the goals of Islamic education, namely developing the potential of students, including their physical, biological and spiritual potential (nafs, qalbu, ast).

In order to realize Islamic education, you must first understand human nature because humans are subjects and objects and even the main actors in the implementation of the Islamic education process. In this way, the implementation of Islamic education will be more focused and its achievements will be effective in accordance with the goals of Islamic education.

The aim of Islamic education also includes understanding the creation of humans who have goals, functions and duties. The aim of Islamic education is to create humans who have faith in the Creator, namely Allah SWT. definition provides an understanding that the goals of Islamic education are essentially the goals of human creation. Thus, the application of the goals of Islamic education must be realized in the process of implementing Islamic education.

#### D. CONCLUSION

Based on the description above, it is concluded that human nature based on the Koran is called the terms basyar, insan/ins, and bani Adam. The integrity of humans biologically, psychologically and spiritually is seen as a creature that has all the potential so that it is able to become 'abd (servant of Allah) and khalifah (leader on earth). Thus, understanding human nature is an essence that is the beginning of further understanding in understanding the implementation of Islamic education. Islamic education is a process of creating a conducive learning environment for students in order to realize the goals of Islamic education, namely developing students' potential, including their physical, biological potential and their soul potential (nafs, qalbu, aql).

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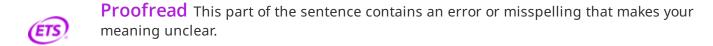
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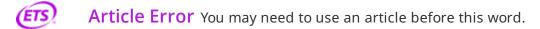
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